

O'fach Aug 21

Talk: p -adic Shukras and Shimura varieties

Langlands corresp. closely related to debrn. of l -adic reps in coho. of Sh-var. These are analyzed through integral models.

But Sh-var. and their integral models are of independent interest.

One pt. for long time: characterize uniquely integral models.

New approach via p -adic Shukras (Scholze). jth. w. Pappas

① Definition: Let $S = \text{Spa}(R, R^+) \in \text{Perf}_p$, with unital $S^\# \nmid A$ ^{admissible}
shukra over S with leg at $S^\# = \text{ob. } \mathcal{O}$ on $S \times \mathbb{Z}_p +$

iso

$$\phi_{\mathcal{O}}: \text{Foot}_S^*(\mathcal{O})|_{S \times \mathbb{Z}_p \setminus S^\#} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}|_{S \times \mathbb{Z}_p \setminus S^\#}$$

which is zero along the Cartier $S^\# \subset S \times \mathbb{Z}_p$.

Here $S \times \mathbb{Z}_p$ is the analytic adic space ^{Tech. of pseudo-unif of R^+}

$$S \times \mathbb{Z}_p = S \times \text{Spa}(\mathbb{Z}_p) = \text{Spa}(W(R^+)) \setminus \{[\omega] = 0\}$$

Analogue of Drinfeld's shukra in fct.-field case for those $X = A^1_{\mathbb{F}_p}$: there a shukra over $S \in (\text{Sch}/\mathbb{F}_p)$ with leg at $x: S \rightarrow X$, $\mathcal{O}$ on $X \times_{\mathbb{F}_p} S = \text{Spec } R[t]$ + iso

$$\phi_{\mathcal{O}}: \text{Foot}_S^*(\mathcal{O})|_{X \times_{\mathbb{F}_p} S \setminus \Gamma_x} \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{O}|_{X \times_{\mathbb{F}_p} S \setminus \Gamma_x}$$

So: replace $R[t]$ by $W(R)$ + use analytic geometry

+ remove "[ω] = 0" to obtain analytic adic space.

Note: $pR=0$ but $R^\#$ mostly has char 0.

12

Variants: (i) Let $G/\mathbb{Z}_p$ ^{connected} smooth gp scheme s.t. $G = G_0 \otimes \mathbb{Q}_p$ reductive.

Then have notion of G -shuka over $S \in \text{Perf}_k$, with leg at some $S^\#$.

(ii) Let $\mu = \text{cong-class}$ of cochar. of G . Then have notion of G -shuka with leg at $S^\#$ bounded by μ .

(iii) Recall the diamond functor $X \mapsto X^\diamond$ of Scholze from formal sch./ $\mathbb{Z}_p$, or schemes/ $\mathbb{Z}_p$ to v -sheaves on Perf_k :

$$X^\diamond(S) = \{ \text{iso-cl. of } (S^\#, x: S^\# \rightarrow X) \}.$$

Then can have notion of G -shuka over X : roughly a functorial rule which to $(S^\#, x) \in X^\diamond(S)$ assoc. G -shd. over S w. leg at $S^\#$.

Examples: a) Let (G, μ) ^{where μ minuscule} as above $\mapsto E = E(G, \mu)$. Let X/E loc. noeth. adic space. Then equiv.

• G -shuka over X w. leg bounded by μ ^{minuscule}

• (P, H) , where $P = \text{pro-étale } G(\mathbb{Z}_p)\text{-torsor over } X^\diamond + \text{equiv. map}$
 $H: P \xrightarrow{\text{over } E} F_{G, \mu^{-1}}^\diamond$

First if $X = \text{smooth scheme}$, then a pro-étale $G(\mathbb{Z}_p)$ -torsor which is de Rham w. Hodge filtr.
 + Bdd by (minuscule) μ , then get such pair (P, H) , and hence G -shuka

• bounded by μ

b) Let $A = \text{perfect } \mathbb{F}_p\text{-alg. (no topology), ess. of f.t. over } \mathbb{F}_p$

Then equiv. of cat.

$$(\text{shdks over } \text{Spec } A) \rightarrow \left(\text{vb. } \mathcal{V} \text{ on } (W(A)) \rightarrow \text{iso} \right. \\ \left. \gamma_{\mathcal{V}}: \text{Frob}^*(\mathcal{V}) \left[\begin{smallmatrix} 1 \\ p \end{smallmatrix} \right] \rightarrow \mathcal{V} \left[\begin{smallmatrix} 1 \\ p \end{smallmatrix} \right] \right).$$

c) abelian varieties / X

(2) LSV + integral models

Let (G, b, μ) local Sh-datum. Scholze defines LSV

$$\mathcal{M}_{G,b,\mu} = \left(\mathcal{M}_{G,b,\mu}, K \right) : \quad (\text{diamond})$$

= rigid-analytic space that represents the functor on $\text{Perf}_K: S \mapsto$

$(S^\#, \mathcal{P}, \phi_{\mathcal{P}}, \iota_r)$, where

• $S^\#$ unital over $\text{Spa}(\tilde{E})$.

• $(\mathcal{P}, \phi_{\mathcal{P}})$ bdd by μ

Here $g(\mathbb{Z}_p) = K$.

$$\cdot \quad \iota_r: \quad G_{y_{[r,\infty)}}(S) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{P} \mid y_{[r,\infty)}(S) \quad r \gg 0 \text{ framing}$$

s.t. $\phi_{\mathcal{P}}$ corresp. to $b \times \sigma$. \quad \swarrow \text{open part of } S^\circ \times \mathbb{Z}_p

← excludes orth. gp.

Example: If (G, b, μ) of RZ -type, then $\mathcal{M}_{G,b,\mu}$ given by RZ -tower (Scholze).

For integral models, consider again (G, b, μ) as above. For certain K

want integral models of $\mathcal{M}_{G,b,\mu,K}$. Namely, let $K = g(\mathbb{Z}_p)$

of BT-type. Can consider functor as before / exc. $S^\#$ over $\text{Spa}(\mathcal{O}_{\tilde{E}})$

Defines $\mathcal{V}$ -sheaf $\mathcal{M}_{G,b,\mu}^{\text{int}}$.

Conjecture (Scholze): Ex. normal formal scheme $\mathcal{M}_{g,b,\mu}^{\text{int}}$ flat + loc. f.f.t. / Sp $\mathcal{O}_E$

with $(\mathcal{M}^{\text{int}})^{\diamond} = \mathcal{M}^{\text{int}}$ (unique if exists)

Examples: • If (g, b, μ) of RZ-type, then RZ-space does it. (excludes type (D)).
If (g, μ) of Hodge type, then

• If G unramified, then OK (Zhou, Vie)

• If G tamely ram. + resid. split, then OK (Zhou). ^{triviality} + ~~extra case~~ $p=3$

• Hope: If abelian type + exclude ~~extra case~~ for $p=2, 3$.

③ Global Sh-var. + integral models

Let (G, X) Sh-datum $\mapsto E$. Fix v/p , let $K = K^p \cdot K$, where $K = \mathbb{Q}_p(\mu_p)$ ^{smooth}

We always assume $\text{rk}_{\mathbb{Q}} Z = \text{rk}_{\mathbb{R}} Z$. Then get pro-étale $\mathbb{G}(\mathbb{Z}_p)$ -local

system P_K over $\text{Sh}_K(G, X)_E$. Liu-Zhu $\Rightarrow$ de Rham, hence by Ex. a)

get $\mathbb{G}$ -shetaka $P_{K,E}$ over $\text{Sh}_{K,E}$, compute Hecke corres. prior to p .

Assume $\mathbb{G}$ B-T type. S_K of $\text{Sh}_{K,E}$ étale locus.
Conjecture: $\exists$ pro-system of normal flat int. models $\mathcal{Y}$ over $\mathcal{O}_E$, w. variables K^p s.t.

(i) $\forall$ det R of $(\mathcal{O}, p)$ over $\mathcal{O}_E$,

$$\varprojlim_{K^p} \text{Sh}_{K,E}(R[1/p]) = \varprojlim_{K^p} S_K(R)$$

(ii) $\mathbb{G}$ -shetaka $P_{K,E}$ extends to $\mathbb{G}$ -shet. P_K

(iii) Let $x \in S_K(K)$ $\mapsto$ $b_x \in \mathcal{O}(\check{\mathbb{Q}}_p)$. Then x is of "completions"

$$\mathcal{H}_x: (\mathcal{M}_{g,b_x,\mu/x_0}^{\text{int}})^{\wedge} \simeq (\hat{S}_K/x)^{\diamond}$$

s.t. $\mathcal{H}_x(P_K)$ is to tautological shetaka on $\mathcal{M}^{\text{int}}$

5
Use b_x as follows: $x^*(\mathcal{P}_K)$ is $\mathcal{G}$ -stable over $\text{Spec}(k)$, hence by Ex. 6)

get $\mathcal{G}$ -torsor $\mathcal{P}$ over $\text{Spec}(W(k)) + \text{zero Frob.}$ Now trivialize $\mathcal{P}$, then

$$\text{Frob} = b_x \times \sigma.$$

Theorem 1: Any two such integral models are uniquely isomorphic.

Theorem 2: Let (G, X) of Hodge type, exclude odd unit. if $p=2$ and briefly if $p=3$.

Then Conjecture holds true.

Remark: If Conj. holds, then get map

$$\gamma_{JK}: S_K(k) \longrightarrow L(\check{Z}_p)/L(\check{Z}_p)_\sigma.$$

This gives defin. of central leaves / Newton str. / EKOR-str. / KR-str.

without abelian varieties.

Even for Siegel moduli space need Scholze's world for charact. !!