

Algebraic Geometry II

8. Exercise sheet

Exercise 1 (4 points):

Let

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X' & \xrightarrow{g'} & X \\ f' \downarrow & & \downarrow f \\ S' & \xrightarrow{g} & S \end{array}$$

be a cartesian diagram of schemes with g flat.

i) For $K \in D^+(X)$ construct a natural morphism, the “base change map”,

$$\beta_K: g^* Rf_*(K) \rightarrow Rf'_*(g'^* K)$$

in $D^+(S')$.

Remarks: Here $D^+(Y)$ denotes the bounded below derived category of \mathcal{O}_Y -modules on a scheme Y . The base change map exists on $D(X)$ and without assuming g, g' flat, cf. *Stacks project, Tag 08HY*.

ii) Assume that f is quasi-compact and separated, and that K can be represented by a finite complex of quasi-coherent \mathcal{O}_X -modules. Show that β_K is an isomorphism.

Hint: Reduce to the case that S, S' are affine and that $K = \mathcal{F}$ is a quasi-coherent sheaf. Then calculate $H^\bullet(X, \mathcal{F})$ via a finite Čech complex.

Exercise 2 (4 points):

Let k be a field and let X be a proper scheme over k . For a coherent sheaf \mathcal{F} on X we define the Euler characteristic

$$\chi(X, \mathcal{F}) := \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} (-1)^i \dim_k H^i(X, \mathcal{F}).$$

i) Let $0 \rightarrow \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}' \rightarrow \mathcal{F}'' \rightarrow 0$ be a short exact sequence. Prove that

$$\chi(X, \mathcal{F}') = \chi(X, \mathcal{F}) + \chi(X, \mathcal{F}'').$$

ii) Prove that for $d \in \mathbb{Z}$

$$\chi(\mathbb{P}_k^n, \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}_k^n}(d)) = \binom{n+d}{n} := \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{d+i}{i}$$

iii) Assume that X is geometrically integral and $X = V(f) \subseteq \mathbb{P}_k^2$ for some non-zero $f \in H^0(\mathbb{P}_k^2, \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}_k^2}(d))$, $d > 0$. Prove that

$$\dim_k H^1(X, \mathcal{O}_X) = \frac{(d-1)(d-2)}{2}.$$

Exercise 3 (4 points):

Let k be a field and let X be a geometrically integral proper curve over k . Assume that X is a complete intersection in \mathbb{P}_k^3 , i.e., $X = V(f_1, f_2)$ for sections $f_i \in H^0(\mathbb{P}_k^3, \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}_k^3}(d_i))$ such that the multiplication $\mathcal{O}_{V(f_2)} \xrightarrow{f_1} \mathcal{O}_{V(f_2)} \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}_k^3}} \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}_k^3}(d_1)$ is injective.

ii) Prove that the following sequence is exact:

$$0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}_k^3}(-d_1 - d_2) \xrightarrow{(f_2, -f_1)} \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}_k^3}(-d_1) \oplus \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}_k^3}(-d_2) \xrightarrow{(f_1, f_2)} \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}_k^3} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_X \rightarrow 0.$$

iii) Prove that

$$\dim_k H^1(X, \mathcal{O}_X) = \binom{3-d_1}{3} + \binom{3-d_2}{3} - \binom{3-d_1-d_2}{3}$$

and conclude that there exist proper curves which can not be embedded into the plane \mathbb{P}_k^2 .

Exercise 4 (4 points):

Let k be an algebraically closed field and let X be a connected proper smooth curve over k . Recall that for $x \in X(k)$ the line bundle $\mathcal{O}_X(x)$ is defined as the dual of the ideal sheaf $\mathcal{O}_X(-x) \subseteq \mathcal{O}_X$ of the closed subscheme $\{x\} \subseteq X$. Prove that the following are equivalent:

- i) $X \cong \mathbb{P}_k^1$
- ii) $H^1(X, \mathcal{O}_X) = 0$
- iii) $\mathcal{O}_X(x) \cong \mathcal{O}_X(y)$ for all closed points $x, y \in X(k)$.
- iv) There exist two distinct closed points $x, y \in X(k)$ such that $\mathcal{O}_X(x) \cong \mathcal{O}_X(y)$.

Hint: For “ii) \Rightarrow iii)” prove that $H^1(X, \mathcal{O}_X(-x)) = 0$ for every $x \in X(k)$. Then use the exact sequence $0 \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_X(-y) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_X(x) \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_X} \mathcal{O}_X(-y) \rightarrow k(x) \rightarrow 0$. For “iv) \Rightarrow i)” find two generating sections $s_1, s_2 \in H^0(X, \mathcal{O}_X(x))$ and prove that the corresponding morphism $X \xrightarrow{(s_1, s_2)} \mathbb{P}_k^1$ is an isomorphism.

To be uploaded in eCampus: Saturday, 13.06.2020 till 23:55h.