

## Exercises, Algebraic Geometry II – Week 12

### Exercise 62. *Enriques–Severi–Zariski* (5 points)

Let  $X$  be a normal and projective scheme over a field  $k$  with an ample invertible sheaf  $\mathcal{O}(1)$ . Assume  $\dim(X) \geq 2$ .

- (i) Let  $\mathcal{F}$  be a locally free sheaf on  $X$ . Show that  $H^1(X, \mathcal{F}(-m)) = 0$  for  $m \gg 0$  (Observe that this follows from Serre duality if  $X$  is Cohen–Macaulay).
- (ii) Assume  $k$  is algebraically closed and  $X$  is integral. Show that if  $Y \subseteq X$  is an effective Cartier divisor with  $\mathcal{O}_X(Y) \cong \mathcal{O}(1)$ , then  $Y$  is connected. In particular, by Bertini’s theorem, if  $X$  is smooth,  $\mathcal{O}(1)$  is very ample, and  $Y$  is generic, then  $Y$  is smooth and irreducible.

### Exercise 63. *Triviality of invertible sheaves* (2 points)

Assume  $X$  is an integral, smooth and projective scheme over an algebraically closed field  $k$  of dimension  $n$  and let  $\mathcal{L}$  be an invertible sheaf with  $H^0(X, \mathcal{L}^m) \neq 0$  for some  $m > 0$ . Show that  $H^n(X, \omega_X \otimes \mathcal{L}) \neq 0$  implies  $\mathcal{L}$  is trivial.

### Exercise 64. *Norm map for finite morphisms of curves* (5 points)

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be smooth, proper, and integral curves over an algebraically closed field  $k$ . Let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  be a finite morphism of degree  $n$ . Consider the map  $f_* : \text{Div}(X) \rightarrow \text{Div}(Y)$  given by  $f_*(\sum n_i P_i) = \sum n_i f(P_i)$ .

- (i) Recall that if  $\mathcal{E}$  is a locally free sheaf of rank  $r$  on  $Y$ , then  $\det \mathcal{E} := \wedge^r \mathcal{E} \in \text{Pic}(Y)$ . Show that for every divisor  $D$  on  $X$ , we have

$$\det(f_* \mathcal{O}_X(D)) = \det(f_* \mathcal{O}_X) \otimes \mathcal{O}_Y(f_* D).$$

- (ii) Deduce that  $f_*$  induces a well-defined homomorphism  $f_* : \text{Pic}(X) \rightarrow \text{Pic}(Y)$ . Show that  $f_* f^*$  coincides with multiplication by  $n$  on  $\text{Pic}(Y)$ .
- (iii) Use duality to show that

$$\det(f_* \mathcal{O}_X) \otimes \det(f_* \Omega_X) \cong \Omega_Y^{\otimes n}.$$

- (iv) Assume that  $f$  is separable with ramification divisor  $R$ . Let  $B = f_* R$  be the *branch divisor* of  $f$ . Show that

$$(\det(f_* \mathcal{O}_X))^{\otimes 2} \cong \mathcal{O}_Y(-B).$$

**Exercise 65.** *Adjunction for effective Cartier divisors* (3 points)

Assume  $X$  is a Gorenstein, projective, and equidimensional scheme over  $k$ . Let  $D \subset X$  be a Cartier divisor. Prove the adjunction formula

$$\omega_D \cong (\omega_X \otimes \mathcal{O}(D))|_D.$$

Here,  $\omega_D$  is the dualizing sheaf of the Cohen–Macaulay scheme  $D$ . Note that we know this formula already for smooth  $X$  and  $D$ .

**Exercise 66.** *A glimpse of mirror symmetry* (3 points)

Assume  $X$  is a smooth projective variety over a field  $k$ . Assume furthermore that  $\omega_X \cong \mathcal{O}_X$ . (This is sometimes called a *Calabi–Yau variety*.)

- (i) The space  $H^1(X, \mathcal{T}_X)$  parametrizes first order deformations of  $X$  (see Example 9.13.2 in Hartshorne’s book). Show that its dimension is a Hodge number of  $X$ . Which one?<sup>1</sup>
- (ii) Let  $X \subset \mathbb{P}^n$  be a smooth hypersurface of degree  $d$ . For which  $d$  is  $X$  a Calabi–Yau variety? What is the dimension of  $H^1(X, \mathcal{T}_X)$ ?

---

<sup>1</sup>Mirror symmetry roughly says that for every Calabi–Yau variety  $X$  of dimension three, there exists a dual Calabi–Yau variety  $X'$  with  $(h^1(\mathcal{T}_X), h^{1,1}(X)) = (h^{1,1}(X'), h^1(\mathcal{T}_{X'}))$ .