

Exercises, Algebraic Geometry II – Week 10

Exercise 51. *Components of fibres* (3 points)

Let $f: X \rightarrow Y$ be a projective morphism with Y locally Noetherian. Show that the connected components of a fibre X_y are in bijection to the maximal ideals of $(f_*\mathcal{O}_X)_y$.

Exercise 52. *Globally generated line bundles* (3 points)

Let \mathcal{L} be a globally generated invertible sheaf on a projective scheme X over a field k . Consider the induced morphism $\varphi_{\mathcal{L}}: X \rightarrow \mathbb{P}_k^N$. Show that the morphism φ can be decomposed as $\varphi = g \circ \varphi'$ with $\varphi': X \rightarrow Z$ projective with connected fibre and $g: Z \rightarrow \mathbb{P}_k^N$ finite such that:

- (i) $\deg(\mathcal{L}|_C) = 0$ for a complete integral curve $C \subset X$ if and only if $\varphi(C) = \text{pt.}$
- (ii) If X is normal, then Z is normal.

Assume that for every complete curve $C \subset X$ we have $\deg(L|_C) \neq 0$. Show that then \mathcal{L} is ample.

Exercise 53. *Connectedness* (3 points)

Let $f: X \rightarrow Y$ be a surjective projective morphism of Noetherian schemes. Assume that Y and all fibres X_y are connected. Show that then also X is connected. Compare this with Exercise 26.

Exercise 54. *Rigidity I* (4 points)

Let $f: X \rightarrow Y$ and $g: X \rightarrow Z$ be projective morphisms of varieties (i.e. integral schemes of finite type over a field) with $\mathcal{O}_Y \cong f_*\mathcal{O}_X$ and such that g contracts each fibre of f (i.e. $g(f^{-1}(y))$ is a point for each $y \in Y$). Show that there exists a morphism $h: Y \rightarrow Z$ with $h \circ f = g$.

(Hint: Study the image of the morphism $(f, g): X \rightarrow Y \times Z$.)

Exercise 55. *Rigidity II* (4 points)

Let X, Y , and Z be varieties over an algebraically closed field k , and let X be proper over k . Let $f: X \times Y \rightarrow Z$ be a morphism. Assume that there exists a closed point $y_0 \in Y$, such that $f(X \times \{y_0\})$ is a single point in Z . Prove that there exists $g: Y \rightarrow Z$, such that $f = g \circ \pi_Y$ where $\pi_Y: X \times Y \rightarrow Y$ is the projection.