Harmonic Analysis, Problem set 12

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Due on Thursday, 04-07-2019

Definition. We denote the embeddings introduced in the lecture by

$$Af(x,t) := \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} |f(z)| \frac{t}{(t+\|x-z\|)^{d+1}} dz,$$

$$Df(x,t) := \sup \Big\{ \Big| \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} f(z)\phi(z) dz \Big| : \int \phi = 0, \ |\phi(z)| \le \frac{t}{(t+\|x-z\|)^{d+1}}, \ \|\nabla\phi(z)\| \le \frac{t}{(t+\|x-z\|)^{d+2}} \Big\}.$$

Problem 1. (a) Show that if $||x-y|| \le C \cdot t$, then $|Df(x,t)| \le C' \cdot |Df(y,t)|$, for some universal C' > 0.

(b) For $f \in L^p(\mathbb{R}^d)$, 2 , consider the square function

$$Sf(x) := \left(\int_0^\infty Df(x,t)^2 \frac{\mathrm{d}t}{t} \right)^{1/2}.$$

Show that $||Sf||_p \lesssim ||f||_p$ by estimating $\int (Sf)^2 g$, $g \in L^{(p/2)'}(\mathbb{R}^d)$, using the outer Hölder inequality and the embeddings from the lectures.

Problem 2 (Calderón reproducing formula). Let ϕ, ψ be functions on \mathbb{R}^d with $\int \phi = \int \psi = 0$, $|\phi(x)|, |\psi(x)| \lesssim (1 + ||x||)^{-d-1}$, $|\nabla \phi(x)|, |\nabla \psi(x)| \lesssim (1 + ||x||)^{-d-2}$.

(a) Show that the operators

$$T_R f := \int_{1/R}^R \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} (f * \psi_t)(y) \phi_t(\cdot - y) dy \frac{dt}{t},$$

where $\phi_t(x) = t^{-d}\phi(x/t)$ and analogously for ψ , are bounded on $L^2(\mathbb{R}^d)$ uniformly in R > 1. (Hint: use duality and the L^2 almost orthogonality result from the lecture)

- (b) Show that $\lim_{R,R'\to\infty} ||T_R f T_{R'} f||_2 = 0$.
- (c) Show that the limit $Tf := \lim_{R \to \infty} T_R f$ exists and defines a bounded linear operator on $L^2(\mathbb{R}^d)$.
- (d) Assuming that $\int_0^\infty \hat{\phi}(t\xi)\hat{\psi}(t\xi)\frac{t}{t} = 1$ for all $\xi \in \mathbb{R}^d \setminus \{0\}$ show that Tf = f.