## Exercises for the lecture Algebra 1 —Exercise sheet 9—

**Exercise 1 (15 points).** (Regularity) Let R be a local noetherian ring with dim R = d. Let m be the maximal ideal of R and let k = R/m. Show:

- (i)  $d \leq \dim_k m/m^2$ .
- (ii) We have  $d = \dim_k m/m^2$  if and only if m is generated by d elements. In this case we call R regular.

Let k be algebraically closed and  $f \in k[x_1, \ldots, x_n]$  a product of pairwise distinct irreducible polynomials. A point  $P \in V(f)$  is called non-singular if there exists  $i \in \{1, \ldots, n\}$  with  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i}(P) \neq 0$  where  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i}$  is the formal derivative of f with respect to  $x_i$ . Show:

(iii)  $P \in Z(f)$  is non-singular if and only if the local ring  $(k[x_1, \ldots, x_n]/(f))_m$  is regular where m is the maximal ideal corresponding to P.

**Exercise 2 (10 points).** (Height and small dimension) Let R be a ring and  $p \in \operatorname{Spec} R$ . Recall: The height of p is given by  $\operatorname{ht}(p) = \dim R_p$ . Show:

- (i) If R is noetherian and  $q \in \operatorname{Spec} R$  mit  $\operatorname{ht}(q) \ge 2$ , then q is a union of infinitely many distinct prime ideals  $p \in \operatorname{Spec} R$  with  $\operatorname{ht}(p) = 1$ .
- (ii) If  $\operatorname{Spec}(R)$  is finite and R noetherian, then  $\dim R \leq 1$ .
- (iii) There exists a ring R with dim(R) = 0 and a noetherian ring R' with dim(R') = 1 such that  $\operatorname{Spec}(R)$  and  $\operatorname{Spec}(R')$  are infinite.

Due data: Thursday, 06.06.2019, around 2pm before the lecture.