

Exercises for  
Models of Set Theory II

Some notation:  $\forall^\infty n$  means for all but finitely many  $n \in \omega$ , and  $\exists^\infty n$  means for infinitely many  $n \in \omega$ .

25. Let  $F \subseteq \omega^\omega$  of size  $\kappa$  be such that

$$\forall g \in \omega^\omega \exists f \in F \forall^\infty n f(n) \neq g(n).$$

Show that  $\omega^\omega$  is the union of  $\kappa$  meager sets.

26. Assume that  $F \subseteq \omega^\omega$  is not meager. Show that

$$\forall g \in \omega^\omega \exists f \in F \exists^\infty n f(n) = g(n).$$

A set  $A$  of reals has strong measure 0 if for every sequence  $a_0 \geq a_1 \geq \dots \geq a_n \geq \dots$  of positive reals there exists a sequence of open intervals  $I_n$  such that  $\text{length}(I_n) \leq a_n$  and  $A \subseteq \bigcup \{I_n \mid n \in \omega\}$ .

27. Show that the Cantor set does not have strong measure 0.

28. Show that if  $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$  contains a perfect subset, then it does not have strong measure 0.

Every problem will be graded with 8 points.

Please hand in your solutions during the lecture at December 7, 2009.