

## Exercises to „Algebraic geometry I“, 1

EXERCISE 1 (2 points). Let  $R$  be any  $\mathbb{N}$ -graded ring and  $I \subseteq R$  be any homogenous ideal. Show that  $\sqrt{I}$  is homogenous.

REMARK 1. It is easily seen that intersections, finite products, and (possibly infinite) sums of homogenous ideals are homogenous as well.

Let  $\mathfrak{k}$  be an algebraically closed field and  $R = \mathfrak{k}[X_0, \dots, X_n]$  be equipped with the usual grading by total degree of monomials. Let  $R_+ \subseteq R$  be the augmentation ideal, consisting of all polynomials vanishing at the  $(n + 1)$ -tuple 0. Obviously, any proper homogenous ideal of  $R$  must be contained in  $R_+$ .

EXERCISE 2 (Projective version of the Nullstellensatz, 3 points). Show that a homogenous ideal  $I \subseteq R$  has a zero in  $\mathbb{P}^n(\mathfrak{k})$  if and only if  $\sqrt{I}$  is strictly contained in  $R_+$ .

Let  $V(I) \subseteq \mathbb{P}^n(\mathfrak{k})$  be the set of (projective) zeros of the homogenous ideal  $I$ .

EXERCISE 3 (3 points). Show there is a topology on  $\mathbb{P}^n(\mathfrak{k})$  (called the Zariski topology) for which the closed subsets are precisely the sets of the form  $V(I)$ , for homogenous ideals  $I$  of  $R$ .

EXERCISE 4 (3 points). Show that

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{A}^n(\mathfrak{k}) &\rightarrow \mathbb{P}^n(\mathfrak{k}) \setminus V(X_0) \\ (x_1, \dots, x_n) &\rightarrow [1, x_1, \dots, x_n] \end{aligned}$$

is a homeomorphism.

EXERCISE 5 (3 points). Show that the Zariski topology on  $\mathbb{P}^n(\mathfrak{k})$  is Noetherian.

EXERCISE 6 (Another projective form of the Nullstellensatz, 5 points). Show that we have mutually inverse bijections between the set of Zariski-closed subsets  $Z$  of  $\mathbb{P}^n(\mathfrak{k})$  and the set of homogenous ideals  $I \subseteq R_+$  such that  $I = \sqrt{I}$  sending  $Z$  to

$$I = \{f \in R \mid f(x_0, \dots, x_n) = 0 \text{ whenever } [x_0, \dots, x_n] \in Z\}$$

and  $I$  to  $Z = V(I)$ . Also, show that the irreducible subsets correspond to the prime ideals which are strictly contained in  $R_+$ .

Solutions should be submitted Tuesday, October 24, in the lecture.