What are...props?

Or: Applications 2 (category theory in signal processing)

Signal flow graphs (SFG); simplified



SFGs have three types of signal processing units:

- ► Coupons multiply inputs by a given number
- ▶ Black splits take inputs and produce two copies
- ▶ White merges take inputs and produce the sum

SFG and matrices



- Matrices can be modeled using SFGs
- \blacktriangleright Actually, the whole symmetric monoidal category $\mathbb{K}\mathsf{MAT}$ can be modeled
- ► In particular, we get matrix multiplication

Matrix multiplication is everywhere



- ▶ The diagrammatic matrix multiplication of SFG is very applicable
- ▶ Examples are analog computers that are used in machine learning
- ▶ Here each building block corresponds to some "analog chip"

A prop is a symmetric monoidal category on objects ${\mathbb N}$ with $\otimes = +$ on objects

▶ Props are denoted using string diagrams (traditionally read sideways)

 $(g \otimes id_1) \circ (id_1 \otimes \sigma) \circ (id_1 \otimes g) \circ (h \otimes id_1) \iff$



SFGs are props with arrow generators

$$\left\{ \supset, \circ, \neg, \neg, \neg \right\} \cup \left\{ \neg a - \mid a \in R \right\}$$

A presentation for KfdVECT



► The above is a symmetric monoidal generator-relation presentation of KMAT

▶ Since $\mathbb{K}MAT$ is the skeleton of $\mathbb{K}fdVECT$, we get the same for the latter

▶ This, appropriately formulated, works over any ring *R*

Thank you for your attention!

I hope that was of some help.