

**What are...string diagrams, take 2?**

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Or: Two-dimensional algebra

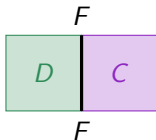
## String diagrams – reminder

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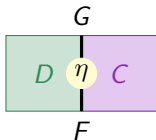
- ▶ **2-cell** Draw a category  $C$  as a face



- ▶ **1-cell** Draw a functor  $F: C \rightarrow D$  as a line



- ▶ **0-cell** Draw a nat trafo  $\eta: F \Rightarrow G$  as a point



## String diagrams for monoidal categories

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- ▶ No face colors needed!
- ▶ 1-cell Draw an object  $X \in C$  as a line

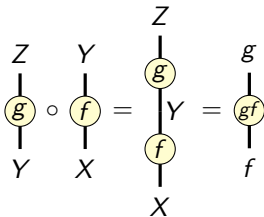


- ▶ 0-cell Draw an arrow  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  as a point

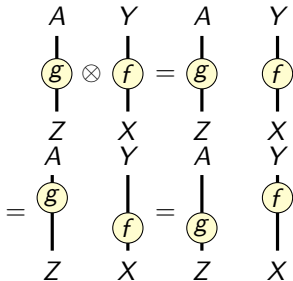


# Composition

- The usual/categorical composition  $\circ$  is **vertical** stacking



- The monoidal product  $\otimes$  is **horizontal** stacking

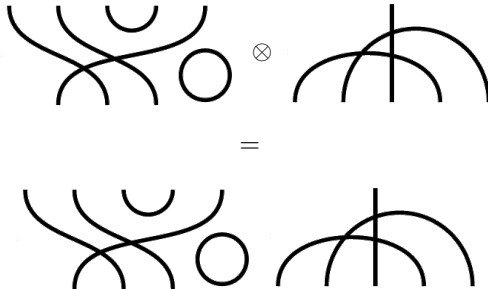


## For completeness: A formal definition

String diagrams for monoidal categories have...

- ▶ ...?? represented by a portion of plane, We will see later what ?? is
- ▶ ...objects represented by strings 1d
- ▶ ...arrows by coupons 0d
- ▶ ...“evident” composition rules

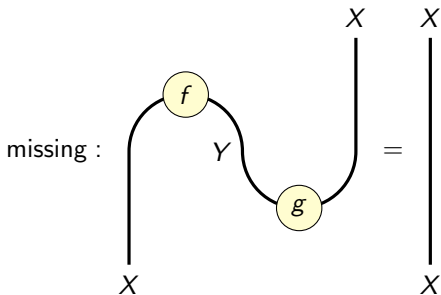
The prototypical monoidal category is thus 1COB (in some sense):



## Something is missing, right?

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Theorem. Two diagrams are equivalent if they are related by scaling or by a planar isotopy keeping the upwards orientation



- ▶ This is not quite a planar calculus – not always
- ▶ This gap is filled by quantum algebra
- ▶ Keywords Rigid and pivotal categories

**Thank you for your attention!**

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I hope that was of some help.