

Foundations of Representation Theory —Exercise sheet 5—

Exercise 1. True or false? Please explain your answer briefly.

Let k be a field.

- (i) If a k -algebra A is isomorphic to A^{op} as a k -algebra, then A is commutative.
- (ii) Let A and B be k -algebras and let ${}_A M$, ${}_B N_A$, ${}_B P$ be (bi-)modules. Then $\text{Hom}_B(N \otimes_A M, P)$ is isomorphic to $\text{Hom}_A(M, \text{Hom}_B(N, P))$.
- (iii) If a functor $F : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \underline{\text{Set}}$ is representable then a representing object for F is unique up to isomorphism.
- (iv) The functor $F : k\text{-Alg} \rightarrow \underline{\text{Set}}$ defined by $F(A) = \{*\}$ is representable.
- (v) The category of representations of a quiver Q over k has products.
- (vi) The category of fields has a final object.

Exercise 2. More examples for monomorphisms and epimorphisms:

- (i) Show that in the category Top of topological spaces and continuous maps a morphism $f : X \rightarrow Y$ is a monomorphism if and only if it is injective and show that it is an epimorphism if and only if it is surjective.
- (ii) Let Haus be the category of Hausdorff spaces and continuous maps. Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a continuous map of Hausdorff spaces. Show that if $f(X)$ is dense in Y then f is an epimorphism.
- (iii) Let Conn_{*} be the category of connected topological spaces with a base point. Prove that the map $f : (\mathbb{R}, 0) \rightarrow (S^1, 1)$ defined by $f(x) = e^{2\pi i x}$ is a monomorphism.

Exercise 3. Let \mathcal{A} be a pre-additive category.

- (i) Show that for an object Z of \mathcal{A} the following are equivalent:
 - (a) Z is an initial object of \mathcal{A} ,
 - (b) Z is a final object of \mathcal{A} ,
 - (c) id_Z is the neutral element of the abelian group $\mathcal{A}(Z, Z)$,
 - (d) $\mathcal{A}(Z, Z)$ consists of one element.
- (ii) Suppose that \mathcal{A} possesses a zero object 0 . Let X and Y be objects of \mathcal{A} and $f \in \mathcal{A}(X, Y)$. Prove that f factors over 0 if and only if f is the neutral element of the abelian group $\mathcal{A}(X, Y)$.

Exercise 4. Let Field be the category whose objects are fields and whose morphisms $f : K \rightarrow L$ are ring homomorphisms (between fields). Analyze if the product of the fields K and L in Field exists in the following two cases:

- (i) $K = \mathbb{Q}(i)$ and $L = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2})$.
- (ii) $K = L = \mathbb{Q}(i)$.

Due on Friday, 16.11.2018, before the lecture.