Research Statement*

Tamás Mátrai

Rényi Alfréd Institute of Mathematics Hungarian Academy of Sciences November 5, 2007

My primary research interest is **descriptive set theory**. In my PhD thesis I developed a new concept in the theory of **Hurewicz tests**. Roughly speaking, a Hurewicz test allows to witness the class of sets in the Borel hierarchy. My main revelation concerns the Hurewicz tests for the Borel class Σ_{ξ}^{0} ($0 < \xi < \omega_{1}$), as follows. For every fixed ordinal $\xi < \omega_{1}$ it is possible to endow the Polish space 2^{ω} with a finer Polish topology in such a way that every Σ_{ξ}^{0} is either "almost empty" or of second category in this finer topology. This makes possible the application of the Baire Category Theorem for Σ_{ξ}^{0} sets. Accordingly, this concept turned out to have **numerous Baire Category Theorem-like applications**. In particular,

- it implies that if the union of less than $cov(\mathcal{M})$ many Σ_{ξ}^{0} sets is Borel then it is Σ_{ξ}^{0} (see [6]); this reproves a theorem of J. Stern.
- it allows the construction of Hurewicz test sets for generalized separation of analytic sets (see [3]).
- under the assumption of the continuum hypothesis, it refutes a question of A. Miller concerning analytic ideals (see [7]); the question had previously been refuted in an unpublished work of A. Kechris and M. Zelený using V = L;
- using these test pairs it is possible to show that there is no monotone presentation for Borel sets (see [5]); this result is a natural counterpart of some results of M. Elekes and A. Máthé, and of A. Andretta, G. Hjorth and I. Neemann.

Currently I am interested in the study of σ -ideals of compact sets and of Borel equivalence relations. I managed to answer in the negative a question of A. Kechris by constructing a $G_{\delta} \sigma$ -ideal of compact subsets of 2^{ω} which contains all the singletons but does not contain all the compact subsets of any dense G_{δ} set in 2^{ω} (see [4]). This result indicates that $G_{\delta} \sigma$ -ideals can exhibit wilder behavior than expected. Concerning Borel equivalence relations, currently I study relations E satisfying $l^1 \leq_B E \leq_B l^{\infty}$. In our joint work with M. Vizer we obtained that, contrary to present-day belief, there are many other Borel equivalence relations E satisfying $l^1 \leq_B E \leq_B l^{\infty}$ than just the l^p ones or the direct sums of these (see [8]).

As a member of the set theory and general topology workgroup of the Rényi Institute, led by I. Juhász, I am active in **set theoretic topology**, as well. During a research stay in the workgroup of D. Preiss at University College London I worked on *l*-equivalence of topological spaces (see [2]). In my recent joint work with M. Elekes and L. Soukup we examined the problem whether for some cardinals κ and λ , in a given topological space, a κ -fold cover by sets with various geometric and topological properties can be split into λ many disjoint subcovers (see [1]).

References

- [1] M. Elekes, T. Mátrai, L. Soukup, On the splittability of infinite covers, preprint.
- [2] T. Mátrai, A characterization of spaces *l*-equivalent to the unit interval, *Topology Appl.* 138 (2004), no. 1-3, 299–314.
- [3] T. Mátrai, Hurewicz test sets for generalized separation and reduction, Math. Proc. Cambridge Phil. Soc., to appear.
- [4] T. Mátrai, Kenilworth, preprint.
- [5] T. Mátrai, On monotone presentations of Borel sets, submitted.
- [6] T. Mátrai, On the closure of Baire classes under transfinite convergences, Fundamenta Mathematicae, 183 (2004), 157–168.
- [7] T. Mátrai, Π_2^0 -generated ideals are unwitnessable, submitted.
- [8] T. Mátrai, M. Vizer, On Borel equivalence relations between l^1 and l^{∞} , joint paper with M. Vizer, preprint.

^{*}The publications on which this research statement is based can be found at http://www.renyi.hu/~matrait