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## Partial Differential Equations and Modelling

Sheet Nr.4

Due: 19.05.2017

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### Exercise 1

Let  $\mu = (2\pi)^{-\frac{1}{2}}e^{-x^2/2}dx$ . Prove that the orthogonal polynomials are the Hermite polynomials. Determine the  $a_n$  and  $b_n$ .

### Exercise 2

Consider the linear Schrödinger equation

$$i\partial_t u + \Delta u = 0, \quad u(t=0, x) = \phi(x), \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^d.$$

Let  $\phi \in \mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^d)$ . Find a solution as a convolution with  $\phi$  by first applying a Fourier transform in  $x$ .

### Exercise 3

Find examples of operators

- $T \in L(H)$ , so that  $\langle Tx, x \rangle \in [0, \infty)$  for all  $x \in H$  but  $T$  is not normal.
- Let  $K \subset \mathbb{C}$  be compact. Find  $T$  so that  $K$  is its spectrum.
- Let  $(\lambda_j)$  a summable sequence of positive numbers and  $(z_j)$  a bounded sequence of pairwise disjoint complex numbers. Find  $T$  and a cyclic vector so that  $\mu = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \lambda_j \delta_{z_j}$ .

### Exercise 4

Prove the following statements.

- Characterize the  $n \times n$  matrices for which there exists a cyclic vector.
- Let  $T$  be selfadjoint. Prove that there exist  $T_n$  selfadjoint,  $T_n \rightarrow T$  in  $L(H)$  so that there exists a cyclic vector  $\phi_n$  of  $T_n$  and such that the measure  $\mu_n$  is a sum of Dirac measures.